The Examination Regulations relating to this course are available here (https://examregs.admin.ox.ac.uk/Regulation?code=domopitfoaamiddeaststud&srchYear=2022&srchTerm=1&year=2022&term=1).

If there is a conflict between information in this handbook and the Examination Regulations then you should follow the Examination Regulations. If you have any concerns please contact the Senior Academic Administrator, Chris Mitchell (chris.mitchell@orinst.ox.ac.uk).

The information in this handbook is accurate as at Michaelmas Term 2022; however, it may be necessary for changes to be made in certain circumstances, as explained at www.ox.ac.uk/coursechanges. If such changes are made the faculty will publish a new version of this handbook together with a list of the changes and students will be informed.
THIS HANDBOOK

The handbook sets out the basic framework for the MPhil Tibetan & Himalayan Studies, and what to do should you encounter delays, setbacks, or need to make changes. It provides basic advice about writing your thesis and submitting it for examination.

You should consult the current edition of the Examination Regulations (https://examregs.admin.ox.ac.uk/Regulation?code=domopitfoamiddeaststud&srchYear=2022&srchTerm=1&year=2022&term=1) for information regarding your course. The information in this handbook should be read in conjunction with:

- the Faculty’s general Masters handbook;
- the Examination Regulations;
- the University Student Handbook
- your college handbook.

If there is a conflict between information in this handbook and the Examination regulations, then you should follow the Examination regulations.

Comments and criticism of the handbook are always welcome; they should be sent to the Director of Graduate Studies or the Senior Academic Administrator, Chris Mitchell.

Version history

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<table>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>October 2022</td>
<td>Original publication.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>January 2023</td>
<td>Links to 2022-23 Examination Regulations added.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Contents

THIS HANDBOOK ................................................................................................................................. 2
Version history ....................................................................................................................................... 2
INTRODUCTION TO THE MPHIL TIBETAN & HIMALAYAN STUDIES......................................................... 4
Outline .................................................................................................................................................. 4
Year 1 .................................................................................................................................................. 4
Year 2 .................................................................................................................................................. 5
Theses .................................................................................................................................................. 6
Teaching Staff ...................................................................................................................................... 6
Examination and Assessment Structure ............................................................................................ 6
  Important dates and deadlines ......................................................................................................... 7
  Thesis .............................................................................................................................................. 7
  Word Limits ..................................................................................................................................... 7
  Language Learning and Competency Standards ............................................................................. 8
EXAMINATIONS AND ASSESSMENT GUIDANCE ...................................................................................... 8
  Examination Regulations, Conventions and Rubrics ........................................................................ 8
  Examination Entry, In-person and Online Examinations ................................................................. 9
  Submissions via Inspera ...................................................................................................................... 9
  Problems Completing Your Assessments ........................................................................................ 9
  Vivas and Resits ............................................................................................................................... 10
  Infringements for Examinations and Submitted Assessments ......................................................... 10
  Feedback on Learning and Assessment .......................................................................................... 10
  Examiners’ Reports and Previous Exam Papers (OXAM) ............................................................. 10
  Good Academic Practice and Avoiding Plagiarism ....................................................................... 10
STUDENT LIFE AND SUPPORT .............................................................................................................. 11
  Complaints and Academic Appeals within the Faculty of Asian and Middle Eastern Studies .......... 11
GENERAL GUIDELINES FOR THESIS WRITERS .................................................................................. 12
PROGRAMME AIMS AND LEARNING OUTCOMES FOR MPHIL COURSES OF STUDY AT ASIAN AND MIDDLE EASTERN STUDIES ......................................................................................... 15
  Educational Aims of the Programme ............................................................................................. 16
  Programme Outcomes ..................................................................................................................... 16
  Assessment ..................................................................................................................................... 18
INTRODUCTION TO THE MPhil TIBETAN & HIMALAYAN STUDIES

Outline
This programme introduces Tibetan and Himalayan Studies to students who have not previously studied the subject. Emphasis is on teaching the Tibetan language (both spoken and literary). Students are also introduced to the history and civilisation of the area, including Tibetan history, society, literature and religions.

Throughout the course, attendance at weekly presentations of work in progress by graduate students of Tibetan Studies, and lectures given by visiting scholars, will be strongly recommended. In addition, students are expected to attend occasional guest lectures in Tibetan & Himalayan Studies. Students are also encouraged to attend other relevant events, such as the Faculty’s methodology seminars, the Lingyin lectures on Buddhism, and lectures organised by the Oxford Centre for Buddhist Studies. These and other events will be announced in a weekly email by the course coordinator.

As a general guideline, students can expect to attend 5 hours of language classes, 2 hours of text classes, 2 hours of lectures, 1 1/2 hours of graduate seminars, as well as 1-hour tutorials as scheduled by the course director, with some variation according to the term and the stage in the course, and on how much language has already been acquired.

Year 1
In Michaelmas Term, students will attend 5 hours of Tibetan language classes per week. The teaching will be based primarily on Nicolas Tournadre and Sangda Dorje’s Manual of Standard Tibetan (Ithaca, Snow Lion Publications, 2003). It is expected that, within the first week, students will have grasped the essential features of Tibetan phonology, and learned the alphabet and the principles of syllable structure. The remaining weeks of term will cover lessons 1 to 10 of the Manual. Homework will consist of completing the grammar exercises that follow each lesson. There will also be a brief vocabulary and grammar test each week. Students will also be expected to read a number of English-language works by way of general background to the region, and to attend a series of weekly lectures entitled Introduction to Tibetan History and Civilisation. They will also be encouraged to attend a series of introductory lectures on Buddhism. In consultation with their course director, students will write two tutorial essays this term, based on prescribed readings. Submission of the essay will be followed by a tutorial which will involve discussing the sources, the content and the issues raised in the essays.

Average contact hours per week (subject to adjustments):

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Paper 1</th>
<th>5 hours language classes</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Paper 4</td>
<td>1 hour Tibetan Studies lecture; 1.5 hours graduate seminar; 0.5 hours tutorial</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

In Hilary Term, students will have a 1-hour collection (minor examination) to ensure that the lessons from Michaelmas Term have been retained. Collections will be held at the beginning of every term hereafter. Language classes will continue as before, with the aim of completing lessons 1-15 of the Manual. In addition, students will read a number of short pieces or stories from different sources in modern and/or classical Tibetan. Students will also do exercises in spoken Tibetan. In addition to language classes, students will be expected to attend a weekly lecture on a selected topic of Tibetan culture, such as The Literary Heritage of Tibet or Religions of Tibet. Students are encouraged to
attend further lectures on Buddhism. In consultation with their course director, students will be asked to write two tutorial essays this term.

Average contact hours per week (subject to adjustments):

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Paper 1</th>
<th>Paper 4</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>5 hours language classes</td>
<td>1 hour Tibetan Studies lecture; 1.5 hours graduate seminar; 0.5 hours tutorial</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

In Trinity Term, the focus is on essay writing. Alongside essays, students will continue work on the Manual up to lesson 20. Extracts from a range of texts will be read and knowledge of literary Tibetan grammar further developed. Four essays will be written on various aspects of Tibetan history and civilisation. Students should start thinking about the topic of their MPhil thesis this term and discuss their ideas with their supervisor.

At the end of Trinity term, students will sit a three-hour written Qualifying Exam, which will consist of translation from and into Tibetan, as well as translation from the texts read during this and the previous term. They will also do a 20-minute oral exam in which they will be called upon to introduce themselves and answer questions in spoken Tibetan.

If possible, the long summer vacation should be used to visit Tibetan-speaking communities (either in Tibet or in South Asia), and/or to attend a Tibetan language summer school to develop the language skills. The Faculty offers a grant of up to £500 towards the costs of Tibetan summer schools (claimed via the ‘Graduate language study application form’, here). Students should begin collecting materials for their thesis, including primary and secondary sources. An extended essay of max. 5,000 words is likely to be due at the end of the summer vacations. This essay will be marked and will count towards the final examination.

Average contact hours per week (subject to adjustments):

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Paper 1</th>
<th>Paper 4</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>5 hours language classes</td>
<td>1 hour tutorial; 1.5 hours graduate seminar</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Year 2**

In Michaelmas Term, there will be a 1-hour collection based on lessons 1-20 of the Manual. Chapters 21-25 will be covered during the course of the term. Students will read both classical and modern set texts in class. Tutorials will be held as required. The title of the thesis should to be decided and work on the thesis should begin.

Average contact hours per week (subject to adjustments):

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Paper 1</th>
<th>Paper 2</th>
<th>Paper 3</th>
<th>Paper 4</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2 hours language classes</td>
<td>1 hour classical set texts</td>
<td>1 hour modern set texts</td>
<td>1.5 hours graduate seminar</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

In Hilary Term, chapters 26-30 of the Manual will be covered. Language training and the reading of the classical and modern set texts will continue. Students should attend the lecture series this term, which will be on topics such as Religions on Tibet or The Tibetan Literary Heritage. The title of the thesis will be submitted in 0\textsuperscript{th} week for approval.
Average contact hours per week (subject to adjustments):

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Paper 1</th>
<th>Paper 2</th>
<th>Paper 3</th>
<th>Paper 4</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2 hours language</td>
<td>1 hour classical</td>
<td>1 hour modern</td>
<td>1.5 hours graduate</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>classes</td>
<td>set texts</td>
<td>set texts</td>
<td>seminar</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

In Trinity Term, revision sessions for chapters 1-30 of the Manual will be held, and the set texts and essay topics reviewed. Excerpts from a variety of texts will be read as practice for translating unseen text passages. More time will be devoted in this term to developing conversational skills. Theses are to be submitted by the end of 2nd Week.

Average contact hours per week (subject to adjustments):

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Paper 1</th>
<th>Paper 2 and 3</th>
<th>Paper 4</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Language revision</td>
<td>Text revision as</td>
<td>Tutorial revision</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>as needed</td>
<td>needed</td>
<td>as needed</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Written examinations will be held at the end of this term. They consist of the following papers:

1. Tibetan language and grammar
2. Classical Tibetan prepared translation
3. Modern Tibetan prepared translation
4. History and civilisation of Tibet and the Himalayas

Theses
The MPhil Thesis constitutes the individual research portion of the MPhil degree. In consultation with the course director, the thesis can be on any subject related to history, culture, language, or contemporary society in the Tibetan and Himalayan region. The research must be based, at least in part, on materials (written or oral) accessed in the relevant subject language (i.e. Tibetan). Some language assistance with such materials will, where possible, be provided by the Language Lecturer.

Typically, exploratory research for the thesis, including identifying suitable sources, will begin during the long vacation after the first year of the MPhil course. Exploratory translations of relevant materials would typically begin in Michaelmas of the 2nd year.

Appendices (which do not count towards the final word count) may be used to provide the Tibetan text of materials presented, more extensive translations, or other necessary reference materials. **Length** - max. 25,000 words (including footnotes, excluding bibliography and appendices).

Teaching Staff
- **Ulrike Roesler** – Professor of Tibetan and Himalayan Studies
- **Lama Jabb** – Lecturer in Tibetan Language

Examination and Assessment Structure
In Trinity Term of Year 1, students will sit one written examination on Tibetan language and grammar and one oral examination. Both examinations must be passed for students to progress onto Year 2 of the course.
Students are required to submit a take-home essay of up to 5,000 words which they will usually work on during the Long Vacation, and which counts towards the final examination.

In Trinity Term of Year 2, students will take four written examinations. Students will also submit their thesis.

**Important dates and deadlines**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Term</th>
<th>When</th>
<th>What</th>
<th>How/format</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Year 1</td>
<td>Trinity</td>
<td>Week 8, Friday</td>
<td>Take-home essay: topics published.</td>
<td>Via Inspera.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Year 1</td>
<td>Trinity</td>
<td>TBC</td>
<td>Qualifying examinations.</td>
<td>In-person or online examination.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Year 2</td>
<td>Michaelmas</td>
<td>Week 0, Friday, 12 noon</td>
<td>Take-home essay: submission. Word limit: 5,000</td>
<td>Via Inspera.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Year 2</td>
<td>Hilary</td>
<td>Week 0, Monday</td>
<td>Approval of the thesis subject/thesis title.</td>
<td>Email: <a href="mailto:academic.administrator@orinst.ox.ac.uk">academic.administrator@orinst.ox.ac.uk</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Year 2</td>
<td>Trinity</td>
<td>Week 2, Thursday, 12 noon</td>
<td>Thesis submission. Word limit: 25,000</td>
<td>Via Inspera.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Year 2</td>
<td>Trinity</td>
<td>TBC</td>
<td>Final examinations.</td>
<td>In-person or online examination.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Thesis**

**Approval of Thesis Subject/Title**

Departure from approved titles or subject matter will be penalised. The penalty applied will increase the greater the departure from the approved title or subject matter is. After your thesis subject/title is approved there may need to be changes made before submitting. These should be done in consultation with your supervisor and a request to change your thesis title should be emailed to academic.administrator@orinst.ox.ac.uk, with your supervisor copied in for approval. Changes cannot be made once your thesis is submitted.

Examination-related forms, including thesis approval forms, are available on the Faculty webpage here: [https://resources.orinst.ox.ac.uk/forms](https://resources.orinst.ox.ac.uk/forms)

**Word Limits**

Your submissions should not exceed the word limit given in your Examination Regulations and rubrics – including text and footnotes/endnotes but excluding appendices and bibliography.

Further guidance and more information about formatting can be found in the General Guidelines for Thesis Writers below. Examples of MPhil and MSt/MSc theses are available from the Weston Library and can be searched on SOLO (Search Oxford Libraries Online). Some theses awarded a distinction are eligible to be deposited to the Bodleian Library. Should your thesis be eligible, you will be contacted regarding the procedure after your results are released.
Language Learning and Competency Standards
Though the Faculty works closely with the Disability Advisory Service (DAS) and support students with SpLD, language papers represent competency standards and therefore cannot be replaced with easier language papers or non-language papers. If you have any questions or concerns relating to this please speak with your course director or the Director of Graduate Studies.

EXAMINATIONS AND ASSESSMENT GUIDANCE
Examination Regulations, Conventions and Rubrics
Examination Regulations
Examination Regulations are the immutable framework of study and assessment of University degrees to which students must adhere. The regulations for the MPhil Tibetan & Himalayan Studies can be found here (https://examregs.admin.ox.ac.uk/Regulation?code=domepitfoamiddeaststud&srchYear=2022&srchTerm=1&year=2022&term=1).

Examination Conventions and Rubrics
These are the formal record and explanation of the specific assessment standards for the course or courses to which they apply. They set out how your examined work will be marked and how the resulting marks will be used to arrive at a final result and classification of an award. They are approved and published by the Faculty each year and include information on:

Conventions
- Marking conventions and scaling
- Verification and reconciliation of marks
- Qualitative marking criteria for different types of assessment
- Penalties for late or non-submission; for over-length work and departure from approved title/subject matter; for poor academic practice; for non-attendance
- Progression rules and classification conventions
- Use of viva voce examinations
- Re-sits
- Consideration of mitigating circumstances
- Details of examiners and rules on communicating with examiners

Rubrics
- type and structure of examination (e.g. in-person or online examination)
- submission instructions
- weightings of paper
- time allowed
- instructions on the use of dictionaries and other materials
- instructions on the use of different scripts
- instructions on word limits
- instructions on handwriting

The conventions and rubrics will be published on the ‘Exams and Assessment Information’ site on Canvas not less than one whole term before your examination takes place or, where assessment takes place in the first term of a course, at the beginning of that term.

You should take careful note of the dates for submission of essays and theses laid down in the Examination Regulations, course handbook, setting conventions, or rubrics. It is the candidate’s
responsibility to comply with these dates. The University Proctors, who have overall control of examinations, will not give leave for work to be submitted late except for cases of exceptional circumstances.

If there is any discrepancy in information, you should always follow the Examination Regulations and please contact the Academic Administration team.

Examination Entry, In-person and Online Examinations
You will enter for examinations through your College. It is your responsibility to ensure that you are entered for the correct number of papers and correct options, but you can speak to your College’s academic office or the Asian and Middle Eastern Studies Academic Administration team if you are unsure about what these are. Your timetable will be available approximately five weeks before your first exam. Please refer to the Oxford Students website for full examination entry and alternative examination arrangements (www.ox.ac.uk/students/academic/exams). Formal University examinations are normally sat in the Examination Schools or other approved locations.

In-person Examinations
Practical information and support for sitting in-person exams is provided on the Oxford students website (www.ox.ac.uk/students/academic/exams/guidance).

Online Examinations
Online exams are taken in Inspera. You must familiarise yourself with the system prior to taking an online exam. There are a wide range of resources to help you on the Oxford Students website, including expectations regarding standards of behaviour and good academic practice for online open-book exams (www.ox.ac.uk/students/academic/exams/open-book/honour-code) and you should read this in advance of any online exams.

Candidate number
Your candidate number will be provided by your college you can also locate it on the Examination and Assessment Information page in Student Self Service or by looking on the top of your individual timetable. Your candidate number is not your student number.

Submissions via Inspera
Submissions are via the University’s online assessment platform, Inspera. Ensure you are familiar with the online submission process in advance of any deadline. Full information is provided on the Oxford students website (www.ox.ac.uk/students/academic/exams/submission).

An Inspera link and information will be sent by the Academic Administration office prior to the submission deadline.

Problems Completing Your Assessments
There are a number of University processes in place to help you if you find that illness or other personal circumstances are affecting your assessments or if you experience technical difficulties with an online exam or submission. Full information is available on the Oxford students website (www.ox.ac.uk/students/academic/exams/problems-completing-your-assessment).

If you experience unexpected circumstances that may affect your performance, you must discuss your circumstances with your College first as any application to the Proctors will come from them. They can advise on the best course of action for your circumstances.

Mitigating circumstances notices to examiners (MCE)
The form is designed so that you can make the Board of Examiners aware of any problems that occurred before or during your exams, or in relation to your submitted coursework, that seriously affected your performance. For further information about mitigating circumstances, please refer to the rubrics and to the Oxford students website.

Vivas and Resits
You may be required to attend a viva voce examination after you have completed your written examinations. This is to enable your examiners to clarify any matters in your answers, and it gives you the opportunity to improve upon your performance, should that be necessary. When making any travel arrangements for the post-exam period, it is your responsibility to bear in mind attendance at the viva.

Information about when resits take place can be found in your Examination Conventions and you enter for resits in the same way as the first attempt. Please contact your College with any questions about your resits.

Infringements for Examinations and Submitted Assessments
Please refer to the examination conventions for penalties for infringements of word limit, late submission, plagiarism and non-adherence to rubrics.

Faculty of Asian and Middle Eastern Studies students should note that interpretation of the electronic word count is at the discretion of the Examiners, in view of the fact that most languages taught in the Faculty are not written in alphabetic scripts and the electronic word count may not be as accurate when taking these scripts into account.

Feedback on Learning and Assessment
Informal (Formative) Assessment
Informal assessment, also known as formative assessment, is provided by tutorial feedback and interaction with the Supervisor and/or tutor, by the discussion of prepared class-work or the results of class tests (especially for language classes), and by the Supervisor’s termly report, which is discussed with the student in the Faculty and separately in the College.

Formal (Summative) Assessment
Formal assessment, also known as summative assessment, is provided by qualifying examinations in the first year and by one or more of written examinations, submitted essays, portfolio, and a thesis or dissertation at the end of the course.

Examiners’ Reports and Previous Exam Papers (OXAM)
Examiners’ reports from past exams are normally available from Hilary Term and will be uploaded to the ‘Exams and Assessment Information’ site on Canvas. These reports give you an idea of how the exams were conducted and the performance of the cohort. Due to small class sizes for some degrees, it is not always possible to provide Examiners’ reports for them. In these cases, please consult with your Course Director for some feedback.

Previous examination papers can be viewed on the Oxford Examination Papers Online website (https://weblearn.ox.ac.uk/portal/site/oxam), you will need your SSO details to login.

Good Academic Practice and Avoiding Plagiarism
Plagiarism
The University’s definition of plagiarism is:
Plagiarism is presenting someone else’s work or ideas as your own, with or without their consent, by incorporating it into your work without full acknowledgement. All published and unpublished material, whether in manuscript, printed or electronic form, is covered under this definition. Plagiarism may be intentional or reckless, or unintentional. Under the regulations for examinations, intentional or reckless plagiarism is a disciplinary offence.

It is important that you take time to look at the University University’s guidance on plagiarism here: [http://www.ox.ac.uk/students/academic/guidance/skills/plagiarism](http://www.ox.ac.uk/students/academic/guidance/skills/plagiarism).

You should refer to the University’s guidance on referencing ([https://www.ox.ac.uk/students/academic/guidance/skills/referencing](https://www.ox.ac.uk/students/academic/guidance/skills/referencing)). If, after having done so, you are still unsure how to reference your work properly, you should contact your supervisor for guidance.

The University employs software applications to monitor and detect plagiarism in submitted examination work, both in terms of copying and collusion. It regularly monitors online essay banks, essay-writing services, and other potential sources of material.

**Complaints and Academic Appeals within the Faculty of Asian and Middle Eastern Studies**

The University, Humanities Division, and the Faculty of Asian and Middle Eastern Studies all hope that provision made for students at all stages of their course of study will make the need for complaints (about that provision) or appeals (against the outcomes of any form of assessment) infrequent.

Where such a need arises, an informal discussion with the person immediately responsible for the issue that you wish to complain about (and who may not be one of the individuals identified below) is often the simplest way to achieve a satisfactory resolution.

Many sources of advice are available from colleges, faculties/departments and bodies like the Counselling Service or the Oxford SU Student Advice Service, which have extensive experience in advising students. You may wish to take advice from one of those sources before pursuing your complaint.

General areas of concern about provision affecting students as a whole should be raised through Joint Consultative Committees or via student representation on the faculty/department’s committees.

**Complaints**

If your concern or complaint relates to teaching or other provision made by the faculty/department, then you should raise it with the Director of Graduate Studies (Edmund Herzig) as appropriate.

Complaints about departmental facilities should be made to the Departmental administrator (Trudi Pinkerton). If you feel unable to approach one of those individuals, you may contact the Head of Administrator (Thomas Hall) or the Faculty Board Chair (David Rechter). The officer concerned will attempt to resolve your concern/complaint informally.

If you are dissatisfied with the outcome, you may take your concern further by making a formal complaint to the Proctors under the University Student Complaints Procedure ([https://www.ox.ac.uk/students/academic/complaints](https://www.ox.ac.uk/students/academic/complaints)).
If your concern or complaint relates to teaching or other provision made by your college, you should raise it either with your tutor or with one of the college officers, Senior Tutor, Tutor for Graduates (as appropriate). Your college will also be able to explain how to take your complaint further if you are dissatisfied with the outcome of its consideration.

**Academic appeals**

An academic appeal is an appeal against the decision of an academic body (e.g. boards of examiners, transfer and confirmation decisions etc.), on grounds such as procedural error or evidence of bias. There is no right of appeal against academic judgement.

If you have any concerns about your assessment process or outcome it is advisable to discuss these first informally with your subject or college tutor, Senior Tutor, course director, director of studies, supervisor or college or departmental administrator as appropriate. They will be able to explain the assessment process that was undertaken and may be able to address your concerns. Queries must not be raised directly with the examiners.

If you still have concerns you can make a formal appeal to the Proctors who will consider appeals under the University Academic Appeals Procedure ([https://www.ox.ac.uk/students/academic/complaints](https://www.ox.ac.uk/students/academic/complaints)).

**GENERAL GUIDELINES FOR THESIS WRITERS**

These guidelines are for assistance only, they are not exam regulations. If your tutor or supervisor has given you alternative guidelines, then you should follow those instead.

**Status of the thesis within the degree course**

It is imperative to recognize that the writing of a thesis involves quite as much work as for a paper, and that the work differs from conventional study in shape and demand. The subject of your thesis may, but need not, overlap with a subject or period covered by one or more of your other papers, but you must not repeat material used in your thesis in any of your papers, and you will not be given credit for material extensively repeated.

**Planning and Choice of Topic**

You should discuss the topic of your thesis in the first instance with your course coordinator or supervisor. If your course coordinator or supervisor does not feel qualified to give detailed advice they will put you in touch with someone suitable to supervise a thesis in the chosen area. You should do so as early as possible:

- For undergraduates, Trinity Term, Year 1 is probably the best time for preliminary discussions. In no case should you leave the choice of a subject for your thesis later than the beginning of Michaelmas Term, Year 3. Print form from: [https://resources.orinst.ox.ac.uk/forms](https://resources.orinst.ox.ac.uk/forms)
- MSt/MSc students should discuss the possible subject of your thesis in the first instance with your supervisor during the first four weeks of Michaelmas Term. Print form from: [https://resources.orinst.ox.ac.uk/forms](https://resources.orinst.ox.ac.uk/forms)
- MPhil students should discuss the possible subject of your thesis with your supervisor before the end of Michaelmas Term, Year 1. Print form from: [https://resources.orinst.ox.ac.uk/forms](https://resources.orinst.ox.ac.uk/forms)

**The Thesis Supervisor’s Role**
The supervisor of your thesis will assist in the choice of a topic and give initial advice on relevant sources and methods. They will advise on sources and presentation and assist with bibliographical advice; they will certainly expect to read draft chapters or sections. They may, but will not necessarily, read and comment on a complete first draft. But a thesis must be your own work.

**Theses - Good and Indifferent**

The hallmark of a good thesis is that it contains a consecutive argument or set of arguments on its topic. Apart from showing a sound grasp of the secondary literature on the subject and/or period and an awareness of the problems of the topic, you should deploy the evidence of the sources to support the elements in your general argument. It should be made clear how you have approached the subject, what conclusions you have reached and, if appropriate, how your approach and conclusions are related to the views of other scholars.

The work should be well-written and properly presented, with footnote references in orderly, consistent and unfussy shape and a sensibly-selected bibliography. Good presentation, in the experience of many examiners, is usually combined with high quality of analysis.

Conversely, careless or unclear writing, uncorrected mis-spellings, typing errors and plain misquotations often go with an uncertain or myopic focus on the subject.

Authors sometimes become so interested in their topic that they overlook the need to provide at least a brief introduction to it and to set it in its broader historical context or contexts. (An introductory section to a thesis may often usefully include a survey of the existing literature on a topic and ‘pointers’ to its particular interest and problems.)

While reading and research are being carried out, you should also be planning how to shape materials into an argument. Research, while sometimes frustrating, is intensely stimulating; it can also become a beguiling end in itself. Laboriously collected materials are worthless unless they contribute to a coherent argument. For this reason, you should begin to plan the structure of your argument as early as possible; some plans may need to be discarded until the most feasible one has been found.

It is a reasonable assumption that writing the thesis will take longer than expected: a good thesis will certainly require more than one draft of parts if not of the whole. Plenty of time should be allowed for getting the final typed version into presentable form without disrupting work for other papers or revision.

**Format of the Thesis**

a. **Length**

Your thesis should not exceed the word limit given in the Exam Regulations (Grey Book) or in your course handbooks, including text and notes but excluding appendices and bibliography (see below).

b. **Pagination**

Pagination should run consecutively from beginning to end and include any appendices etc. Cross references should be to pages and not simply to any sectional divisions.

c. **Order of Contents**

After the title-page (N.B. This must bear your candidate number but not your name) there should normally be:
i. A table of contents, showing, in sequence, with page numbers, the subdivisions of the thesis. Titles of chapters and appendices should be given; titles of subsections of chapters may be given.

ii. A list of illustrations (if appropriate)

iii. A list of tables (if appropriate)

iv. A list of abbreviations, cue-titles, symbols etc.

v. A brief introduction in which the examiners’ attention is drawn to the aims and broad argument(s) of the work, and in which any relevant points about sources and obligations to the work of other scholars are made.

vi. The thesis itself, divided into chapters. The chapters should have clear descriptive titles.

vii. A conclusion, consisting of a few hundred words which summarize the findings and briefly explore their implications.

viii. Any appendices (which are likely not to count towards the word limit)

ix. A bibliography. This is essential, and should be sensibly selective, omitting nothing which has been important in the production of the thesis. Works which are not specifically mentioned in the text may be included, but it is not necessary to include everything that may have been read or consulted. Works should be listed alphabetically by surname of author.

d. Footnotes, References, and Bibliography

Footnotes (except for references) should be as few and as brief as possible: they count towards the overall word-limit. The practice of putting into footnotes information which cannot be digested in the text should be avoided. Notes should be printed, single-spaced, at the foot of the page. Footnote numbers should be superscript (not bracketed) and run in a continuous sequence through each chapter. In subject areas where standard abbreviations for much quoted books and periodicals are in common use, these abbreviations may be employed in text, footnotes, or bibliography; they should be listed separately after the table of contents.

When reference is given for a quotation or for a viewpoint or item of information, it must be precise. But judgment needs to be exercised as to when reference is required: statements of fact which no reader would question do not need to be supported by references.

It is recommended that references be given in footnotes by means of author’s name and/or full or abbreviated title. For example: ‘Beeston, Arabic Language, 72’ or ‘Beeston (1970), 72’. All works referred to in this way must be listed in full at the end of the text in alphabetical order by author’s name. Your bibliography might take the following form; you do not have to follow exactly this format, but whichever you do adopt must be equally clear, precise and consistent.

i. Books
   or

ii. Contributions to Books
   or

iii. Journal Articles

or


e. **Tables, Photographs, Maps, Graphs and Drawings**

You are encouraged to employ tables, illustrations and graphs on any occasion when an argument can be more clearly and elegantly expressed by their employment. If they are not your own work, their original source must be acknowledged.

These should be used only to convey essential data that cannot be elegantly subsumed within the body of the text. They are particularly appropriate for material which does not count within the word limit of the thesis, such as transcriptions of texts, or catalogues of data.

f. **Italics**

These should be used for: titles of books and periodicals; technical terms or phrases in languages other than English (but not for quotations in foreign languages); for abbreviations which are abbreviations of foreign words (e.g., *loc. cit.*). Most such abbreviations are best avoided altogether.

g. **Capitals**

These should be used as sparingly as possible. They should be used for institutions and corporate bodies when the name used is the official title or part of the official title.

h. **Emphasis.**

Avoid the use of bold, italics, underline, exclamation marks, etc. for emphasis. It’s **rude** to shout!!!

i. **Spelling**

English not American spelling should be used, e.g. ‘colour’ not ‘color’. When in doubt, consult the OED, not your spell-checker.

j. **Transliteration**

Transliteration must be systematic, and follow a standard scholarly method. You should consult your supervisor as to which system is most appropriate to your subject. One system is that adopted by the International Journal of Middle East Studies (IJMES).

k. **Submission**

The thesis must be typed double-spaced with margins not less than 2.5cm (1”). The gutter margin must be at least 3.5cm. It is recommended that you use 12-point type. Do not justify the text.

**PROGRAMME AIMS AND LEARNING OUTCOMES FOR MPhil COURSES OF STUDY AT ASIAN AND MIDDLE EASTERN STUDIES**

The MPhil is a degree awarded on the successful completion of a course of directed study leading to an examination, which is normally taken after two years; as part of their coursework students normally also submit a thesis, the regulations for which are specified under individual subject headings in the Examination Regulations.
In addition to this the Asian and Middle Eastern Studies Board is jointly responsible for the MPhil in Late Antique and Byzantine Studies (with options in Arabic, Armenian and Syriac) and for the MPhil in Judaism and Christianity in the Graeco-Roman World. The MPhil is at the FHEQ level 7.

Students enter for the MPhil Qualifying and Final examinations through their College. Students who wish to defer taking the examination beyond the two years must apply for permission to the Asian and Middle Eastern Studies Board.

The MPhil is available in the following subjects:

- Buddhist Studies
- Classical Indian Religion
- Cuneiform Studies
- Eastern Christian Studies
- Egyptology
- Islamic Art and Architecture
- Islamic Studies and History
- Jewish Studies
- Jewish Studies in the Graeco-Roman Period
- Modern Middle Eastern Studies
- Tibetan and Himalayan Studies
- Traditional East Asia

Educational Aims of the Programme
The programme aims to enable its students to:

- Develop the practice of analytical enquiry;
- Achieve a high level of competence in a relevant language where a study of language is part of the course;
- Achieve a good level of competence in the textual and historical analysis of texts in the relevant language;
- Gain a wide-ranging critical knowledge of relevant secondary literature and of current developments in the field;
- Reflect on relevant issues of method;
- Develop skills in written and oral communication, including sustained argument, independent thought and lucid structure and content;
- Develop the ability to identify, understand and apply key concepts and principles
- Where appropriate, prepare students for further research in the field.

Assessment
Formative assessment is provided by tutorial feedback and interaction with the Supervisor and/or tutor, by the discussion of prepared class-work, and by the Supervisor’s termly report, which is discussed with the student in the Faculty and separately in the College.

Summative assessment is provided at the end of the course by written examinations, submitted essays, portfolio, a thesis and viva voce, depending on the course.

Programme Outcomes
A. Knowledge and understanding
On completion of the course students will have:
• Acquired relevant linguistic and textual knowledge;
• Acquired some specialist knowledge of relevant primary and secondary literature;
• Gained enhanced understanding of how primary evidence is employed in philological, textual, historical and literary analysis and argument.

Related Teaching/Learning Methods and Strategies
The main learning strategy is that a student should practise the relevant skills under close supervision, receive constant feedback, and have the chance to see the same skills practised by acknowledged experts in a manner which can be emulated. The methods used to achieve this aim include:

• Language and/or text-reading classes, for which students are expected to prepare
• Lectures
• Seminars with peers and senior academics
• Tutorials (individual) for which students prepare a substantial piece of written work for discussion with their tutor(s)
• Museum classes (small-group), held in the Ashmolean Museum and designed around object handling – for Egyptology

B. Skills and other attributes

1. Intellectual Skills
The ability to:

• Exercise critical judgement and undertake sophisticated analysis
• Argue clearly, relevantly and persuasively
• Approach problems with creativity and imagination
• Develop the exercise of independence of mind, and a readiness to challenge and criticize accepted opinion

Teaching/Learning Methods and Strategies
As above.

Assessment
As above.

2. Practical Skills
All practical skills acquired are also transferable skills; see below.

3. Transferable Skills
The ability to:

• Find information, organise and deploy it;
• Use such information critically and analytically;
• Consider and solve complex problems with sensitivity to alternative traditions;
• Work well independently, with a strong sense of self-direction, but also with the ability to work constructively in co-operation with others;
- Effectively structure and communicate ideas in a variety of written and oral formats;
- Plan and organise the use of time effectively, and be able to work under pressure to deadlines;
- Make appropriate use of language skills;
- Handwrite in non-Roman script.

**Teaching/Learning Methods and Strategies/Assessment**

Since all these skills are essential elements of the course, they are taught and assessed in the same ways as at A above.

**Assessment**

Formative assessment is provided by tutorial feedback and interaction with the Supervisor and/or tutor, by the discussion of prepared class-work, and by the Supervisor’s termly report, which is discussed with the student in the Faculty and separately in the College.

Summative assessment is provided by a qualifying examination in the first year and at the end of the course by written examinations, submitted essays, portfolio and a thesis, depending on the course.